## **CLAIMS**

What we claim is:

## 1. A compound of formula (I)

$$R^2$$
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $N=N$ 
 $N=N$ 

or a salt, ester or prodrug thereof;

where:

5

X is O or NR<sup>6</sup>:

 $\mathbf{R}^6$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1\text{-4}}$ alkyl;

10  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is hydrogen, halo, or  $-X^1\mathbb{R}^{11}$ ;

 $X^1$  is a direct bond, -CH<sub>2</sub>=CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -NH-, -N(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)-, -C(O), -C(O)O, -OC(O)-, -NHC(O)-, -N(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)C(O)-, -C(O)NH or -C(O)N(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)-;

 $\mathbf{R^{11}}$  is hydrogen, or a group selected from  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl,  $C_{2\text{-}6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2\text{-}6}$ alkynyl,  $C_{3\text{-}6}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3\text{-}6}$ cycloalkenyl, heterocyclyl $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, heterocyclyl $C_{2\text{-}4}$ alkenyl and

heterocyclylC<sub>2-4</sub>alkynyl which group is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from halo, hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, hydroxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $-NR^9R^{10}$ , -C(O)R<sup>9</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup> and -C(O)OR<sup>9</sup>;

 $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrogen, halo, nitro, cyano or  $-\mathbb{X}^2\mathbb{R}^{12}$ ;

 $X^2$  is a direct bond, -O-, -NH-, -N(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)-, -OC(O)- or -C(O)O-;

- R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, or a group selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkenyl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl, arylC<sub>2-4</sub>alkynyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, heterocyclylC<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl and heterocyclylC<sub>2-4</sub>alkynyl, which group is optionally substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from, halo, hydroxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, -NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, -NHC(O)NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>15</sup> and -C(O)OR<sup>15</sup>;
- 25  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is hydrogen, halo or  $-X^3\mathbb{R}^{13}$ ;

 $X^3$  is a direct bond,  $-CH_2=CH_2-$ , -O-, -NH-,  $-N(C_{1-6}alkyl)-$ , -C(O)-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-,  $-N(C_{1-6}alkyl)C(O)-$ , -C(O)NH- or  $-C(O)N(C_{1-6}alkyl)-$ ;

- $R^{13}$  is hydrogen, or a group selected from  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl,  $C_{2\text{-}6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2\text{-}6}$ alkynyl,  $C_{3\text{-}6}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3\text{-}6}$ cycloalkenyl, aryl $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, aryl $C_{2\text{-}4}$ alkenyl, aryl $C_{2\text{-}4}$ alkynyl, heterocyclyl $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, heterocyclyl $C_{2\text{-}4}$ alkenyl and heterocyclyl $C_{2\text{-}4}$ alkynyl which group is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from
- 5 -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, halo, hydroxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl and bis(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl;
  - ${f R}^7$  and  ${f R}^8$  are independently selected from hydrogen, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl $C_{1\text{-4}}$ alkyl,  $C_{1\text{-4}}$ alkyl, hydroxy $C_{1\text{-6}}$ alkyl,  $C_{1\text$
- $C_{3\text{-}6}\text{cycloalkyl}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}, \text{hydroxy}C_{3\text{-}6}\text{cycloalkyl}, \text{hydroxy}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}C_{3\text{-}6}\text{cycloalkyl}, \text{hydroxy}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}C_{3\text{-}6}\text{cycloalkyl}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}, \text{hydroxy}C_{3\text{-}6}\text{cycloalkyl}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}, C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkoxy}C_{3\text{-}6}\text{cycloalkyl}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}, \text{halo}C_{3\text{-}6}\text{cycloalkyl}, \text{halo}C_{3\text{-}6}\text{cycloalkyl}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}, \text{halo}C_{3\text{-}6}\text{cycloalkyl}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}, C_{2\text{-}6}\text{alkynyl}, \text{cyano}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}, \text{amino}C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl}, C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}\text{amino}C_{1\text{-}6}\text{alkyl}, \text{bis}(C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}), \text{hydroxy}C_{1\text{-}4}\text{alkyl}, \text{h$
- 4alkylcarbonyl, amino $C_{1-4}$ alkylcarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylcarbonyl and bis( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkylcarbonyl;
  - or  $\mathbb{R}^7$  and  $\mathbb{R}^8$  together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring which ring is moncyclic or bicyclic and comprises 4 to 7 ring atoms of which one is nitrogen and of which another is optionally selected from N, NH, O, S, SO and SO<sub>2</sub>, and which ring is
- optionally substituted on carbon or nitrogen by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl and
- bis( $C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkylcarbonyl, and where a ring  $-CH_2$  is optionally replaced with -C(O)-;
  - R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrogen, halo or -X<sup>4</sup>R<sup>14</sup>;
  - $X^4$  is a direct bond, -O-, -NH- or -N(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)-;
  - $\mathbf{R^{14}}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1\text{-6}}$  alkyl,  $C_{2\text{-6}}$  alkenyl and  $C_{2\text{-6}}$  alkynyl;
- R<sup>5</sup> is aryl or heteroaryl optionally substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from halo, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, bis(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, -C(O)NHR<sup>17</sup>, -NHC(O)R<sup>18</sup>, -SR<sup>17</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>17</sup> and -S(O)OR<sup>17</sup>;

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- $R^9$ ,  $R^{10}$ ,  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3\text{-}6}$ cycloalkyl $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, hydroxy $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, halo $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, amino $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl;
- or  $\mathbb{R}^9$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{10}$  together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring which ring is monocyclic or bicyclic and comprises 4 to 7 ring atoms of which one is nitrogen and of which another is optionally selected from N, NH, O, S, SO and SO<sub>2</sub>, and which ring is optionally substituted on carbon or nitrogen by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, hydroxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, hydroxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy, hydroxy $C_{1-4}$ alkylcarbonyl, amino $C_{1-4}$
- 4alkylcarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino $C_{1-4}$ alkylcarbonyl and bis $(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino $C_{1-4}$ alkylcarbonyl, and where a ring -CH<sub>2</sub>- is optionally replaced with -C(O)-;
  - ${\bf R^{17}}$  and  ${\bf R^{18}}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1\text{-4}}$  alkyl,  $C_{3\text{-6}}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{2\text{-4}}$  alkenyl and  $C_{2\text{-4}}$  alkynyl.
- 15 2. A compound according to claim 1 or a salt, ester or prodrug thereof wherein X is NH.
  - 3. A compound according to claim 1 or a salt, ester or prodrug thereof wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen.
- 20 4. A compound according to claim 1 or a salt, ester or prodrug thereof wherein R<sup>5</sup> is aryl optionally substituted by 1 or 2 halo.
- A compound according to claim 1 or a salt, ester or prodrug thereof wherein R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen or -OR<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen, heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl or pyrrolidinyl or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl which C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl is optionally substituted by hydroxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino or bis(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino.
  - 6. A compound according to claim 1 or a salt, ester or prodrug thereof wherein  $R^2$  is hydrogen or  $-OR^{12}$  and  $R^{12}$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, heterocyclyl or heterocyclyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl.

- 7. A compound according to claim 1 or a salt, ester or prodrug thereof wherein  $R^3$  is  $X^3R^{13}$ ,  $X^3$  is -CH<sub>2</sub>=CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O- or -NH-, and  $R^{13}$  is C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl substituted by -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>, heterocyclyl or halo.
- 5 8. A compound according to claim 7 or a salt, ester or prodrug thereof wherein R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, heterocyclyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylC<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, haloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl, cyanoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl and bis(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; or R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring which ring comprises 4 to 7 ring atoms of which one is nitrogen and of which another is optionally NH or O and which ring is optionally substituted on carbon or nitrogen by a group selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl and hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, and where a ring CH<sub>2</sub>- is optionally replaced with –C(O)-.

## 15 9. A compound of formula (IA)

$$R^{2'}$$
 $R^{3'}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 

or a salt or ester thereof

where  $X, X^1, X^2, X^3, R^4$  and  $R^5$  are as defined in relation to formula (I) in claim 1 and  $R^{1'}$  is hydrogen, halo, or  $-X^1R^{11'}$ ;

- R<sup>11'</sup> is hydrogen, phosphonooxy or a group selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkenyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, heterocyclylC<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl and heterocyclylC<sub>2-4</sub>alkynyl which group is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from halo, hydroxy, phosphonooxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, -NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10'</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>9'</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>9'</sup>R<sup>10'</sup> and -C(O)OR<sup>9'</sup>;
- 25 **R**<sup>2</sup>' is hydrogen, halo, nitro, cyano or -X<sup>2</sup>R<sup>12</sup>'; **R**<sup>12</sup>' is hydrogen, phosphonooxy or a group selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkenyl, aryl, arylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, arylC<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl, arylC<sub>2-4</sub>alkynyl,

heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, heterocyclyl $C_{2-4}$ alkenyl and heterocyclyl $C_{2-4}$ alkynyl, which group is optionally substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from halo, hydroxy, phosphonooxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $-NR^{15'}R^{16'}$ ,  $-NHC(O)NR^{15'}R^{16'}$ ,  $-C(O)R^{15'}$  and  $-C(O)OR^{15'}$ ;

- 5 R³' is hydrogen, halo or -X³R¹³';

  R¹³' is hydrogen, phosphonooxy or a group selected from C₁-6alkyl, C₂-6alkenyl, C₂-6alkynyl,

  C₃-6cycloalkyl, C₃-6cycloalkenyl, aryl, arylC₁-4alkyl, arylC₂-4alkenyl, arylC₂-4alkynyl,

  heterocyclyl, heterocyclylC₁-4alkyl, heterocyclylC₂-4alkenyl and heterocyclylC₂-4alkynyl which
- group is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from -NR<sup>7</sup>'R<sup>8</sup>', 10 -C(O)NR<sup>7</sup>'R<sup>8</sup>', halo, hydroxy, phosphonooxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl and bis(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl:
  - ${\bf R^{7'}}$  and  ${\bf R^{8'}}$  are independently selected from hydrogen, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl $C_{1\text{-4}}$ alkyl,
- 15  $C_{1-4}$ alkylheterocyclyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, hydroxy $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, phosphonooxy $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, hydroxy $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phosphonooxy $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, hydroxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, phosphonooxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl, hydroxy $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, phosphonooxy $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, hydroxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl $C_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,
- phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylC<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, haloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, haloC<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, haloC<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl, cyanoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, bis(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl,
- phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl and bis(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl; or R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring which ring is monocyclic or bicyclic and comprises 4 to 7 ring atoms of which one is nitrogen and of which another is optionally selected from N, NH, O, S, SO and SO<sub>2</sub>, and which ring is optionally substituted on carbon or nitrogen by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxy, phosphonooxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,

 $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, hydroxy $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, phosphonooxy $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,

 $C_{1\text{-4}alkoxy}C_{1\text{-4}alkoxy}, \ hydroxyC_{1\text{-4}alkylcarbonyl}, \ phosphonooxyC_{1\text{-4}alkylcarbonyl}, \\ C_{1\text{-4}alkylcarbonyl}, \ aminoC_{1\text{-4}alkylcarbonyl}, \ C_{1\text{-4}alkylamino}C_{1\text{-4}alkylcarbonyl} \ and \\ bis(C_{1\text{-4}alkyl})aminoC_{1\text{-4}alkylcarbonyl}, \ and \ where \ a \ ring -CH_2- \ is \ optionally \ replaced \ with -C(O)-;$ 

- 5 R<sup>9</sup>', R<sup>10</sup>', R<sup>15</sup>' and R<sup>16</sup>' are independently selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>cycloalkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, phosphonooxyC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, haloC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl and bis(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; or R<sup>9</sup>' and R<sup>10</sup>' together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring which ring is monocyclic or bicyclic and comprises 4 to 7 ring atoms of which one is nitrogen
- and of which another is optionally selected from N, NH, O, S, SO and SO<sub>2</sub>, and which ring is optionally substituted on carbon or nitrogen by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxy, phosphonooxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, hydroxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, phosphonooxyC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl,
- 15 C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylaminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl and bis(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)aminoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkylcarbonyl, and where a ring -CH<sub>2</sub>- is optionally replaced with -C(O)-;

provided that a compound of formula (IA) contains at least one phosphonooxy group.

- 20 10. A compound according to claim 9 or a salt or ester thereof wherein the compound or salt or ester thereof contains only one phosphonooxy group.
  - 11. A compound according to claim 9 or a salt or ester thereof wherein X is NH.
- 25 12. A compound according to claim 9 or a salt or ester thereof wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen.
  - 13. A compound according to claim 9 or a salt or ester thereof wherein R<sup>5</sup> is aryl optionally substituted by 1 or 2 halo.
- 30 14. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof, or a compound of

formula (IA) as defined in claim 9 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.

- 15. A compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt,
  5 ester or prodrug or a compound of formula (IA) as defined in claim 9 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof for use in therapy.
- 16. The use of a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug or a compound of formula (IA) as defined in claim 9 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of a hyperproliferative disease such as cancer.
  - 17. The use as defined in claim 16 wherein the cancer is colorectal, breast, lung, prostate, bladder, renal or pancreatic cancer or leukaemia or lymphoma.
- 18. A method of treating a human suffering from a hyperproliferative disease such as cancer comprising the steps of administering to a person in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester or prodrug thereof or a compound of formula (IA) as claimed in claim 9 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.
  - 19. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 or a salt, ester or prodrug thereof, which process comprises reacting a compound of formula (II) wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are as defined in claim 1

$$R^2$$
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
(II)

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where L is a suitable leaving group with a compound of formula (III) wherein  $\mathbb{R}^5$  and X are as defined in claim 1

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in the presence of hydrochloric acid in dioxane under an inert atmosphere, and thereafter if necessary:

- 5 i) converting a compound of the formula (I) into another compound of the formula (I); and/or ii) removing any protecting groups; and/or
  - iii) forming a salt, ester or prodrug thereof.
- 20. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (IA) as defined in claim 9 or a
   salt or ester thereof, which process comprises phosphorylation of a suitable compound of formula (I) followed by deprotection of the phosphate group.